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YELLOWSTONE MASTER GARDENER NEWSLETTER



Vol I Issue 9 October 2012

Featured Master Gardener Elaine Allard -Submitted by Bob Wicks

The Master Gardener of the Month is Elaine Allard. Elaine has been in the Master Gardener program since 2002 and has seen many changes. Bob Gough was the instructor when Elaine started; when Bob became the head of his department at MSU, he stopped teaching the Master Gardener classes. The first year after Bob stopped teaching the program guest speakers from our area taught the Master Gar-



dener classes. The following year the Master Gardeners themselves took turns talking about the subjects they were most passionate about to teach the other members. After all this, Bob's wife Cheryl Moore-Gough filled the position as the head of the Master Gardener program. She taught it until Toby Day at MSU became our coordinator.

Elaine grew up in the Bull Mountains on her family ranch. Her mom still lives there. Elaine then went to MSU to study physical therapy and had a job in the Agriculture Department while she was attending college. This is when she discovered that she loved gardening. She just had a natural understanding of how plants work. Elaine then switched major to agriculture. While in college, she started working for the Bureau of Land Management in the field of Range Management and continued to work for them after getting her degree. Elaine and her husband Lou started their family while she worked for the BLM and she then took on the role as a "domestic engineer". Elaine was not done working yet... she was a substitute teacher and was very involved with her children's schools. In 2005 Elaine decided to work to get her master's degree in education. She took evening classes in 2005 and 2006 and received her Masters of Education at that point. Currently she has a pond business selling pond supplies and plants for ponds.

In the Master Gardener program Elaine is involved in the Metra demo garden, Montana Fair, Farmers Market, Arbor Day, after school program, and the Geranium Fest. Elaine is also one of the first members of the Yellowstone County Master Gardener Association and is a level 3 Master Gardener. Elaine's favorite part of gardening is water gardening and xeriscaping. She has a 3000 gallon pond and many small water gardens in her yard. When not busy with her yard and ponds, Elaine likes to travel and hang out with her grandkids. Elaine has traveled to Hawaii, Bahamas, Mexico and Washington D.C. among other interesting places. Elaine also is involved in the Thumb-R-Green Garden Club and started the Water Skippers Garden Club. Elaine and her husband Lou have 2 sons, Clay and Bryce. Clay has 3 year old twins, Andy and Lily.

Elaine's tip of the month is to try to make gardening as easy as you can by using good water practices and being conscientious about where you place plants in your yard. Elaine is a very outgoing and fun person to be with. I have been on a lot of trips and have sat in a lot of meetings with Elaine and always laughed and learned a lot from her. Thank you Elaine for the fun and energy you bring to the program

FALL CHECK LIST

- ◆ If you don't have a compost pile, this is a great time to state and use one. Save fallen leaves to add to garden directly or to compost.
- ◆ This is a good time to spread compost, rotted manure, leaves, grass clippings etc. over the garden, before fall tilling. Fall till if at all possible, to help kill over wintering insects.
- If you are having a problem with perennial weeds such as thistles, make some fall applications of Roundup to start fighting back.
- September 22 is the average first frost date. Killing frost to tender plants occurs when temperatures reach 26-30 degrees.
- If possible, cover tender plants to protect them from frost, in the hopes that an Indian summer will extend the growing season afterwards. Try to keep covers off foliage, as frost will pass through them and into any foliage that they touch. Always remove covers by mid morning. Otherwise, plants may become burned as heat builds up.
- If a light frost sneaks up on you, simply sprinkle down the garden to prevent a too fast thaw. This is best done before the sum hits the foliage.

Vegetable Garden

- When onion tops naturally fall over, they are through growing. After digging, allow the bulbs to lie in the sun for one to several days to mature the outer scales to a papery state. The onions with thicker necks should be used first, as they will not store as well as thinner necked onions. Twist tops off of bulbs rather than cut, as this helps seal the bulb from fungus. Store at 50-55 degrees in a dry location.
- Cabbage, broccoli, cauliflower, etc. can take temperatures down to 25 degrees.
- ♦ Harvest pumpkins and winter squash after light frost, but before a heavy freeze. Cut fruit from the vine with about a 3" portion of the stem attached. Cure by placing in a heated, ventilated area at 75-80 degrees for 2 weeks. This hardens the shell for storage. (Do not cure acorn squash). Store pumpkin and squash at 40-50 degrees after curing.

Trees and Shrubs

- Homeowners should refrain from watering established trees and shrubs from mid September to mid November (or when trees start turning their fall color). This helps encourage dormancy. Heavy irrigation, nitrogen fertilizers and pruning (except for dead wood) all can cause trees to break dormancy and begin new growth, making them susceptible to winter injury. If however, the fall turns out to be long, hot, and dry irrigation may again be needed. Continue irrigating newly transplanted trees and shrubs (up to 3 years after being planted) as usual.
- Deep water trees and shrubs for the winter, after they have turned their fall color or dropped their leaves. If fall Drought conditions persist, continue watering, if needed, thru December, as long as the ground is not frozen.
- Put tree wraps on tender, dark barked trees, to prevent sun scorch.

Lawns

- Fall is a good time to fertilize your lawn.
- Continue watering lawns thru the autumn season. Fall, with it's long cool evenings, favors the dense, vigorous growth of Kentucky Bluegrass.
- Continue mowing right up till winter sets in. Long matted grass invites winter disease problems.

Flower Gardens

- The month of Sept thru early Oct is the time to plant spring flowering bulbs. In our higher elevation it's recommended that bulbs be planted approx 2" deeper than suggested on most bulb planting guides. Renew old bulb beds by digging up and discarding weaker bulbs and replanting stronger, larger ones.
- Cut back Iris and other perennial flowers after frost kills vegetation.
- For a more complete list of Fall gardening activities –go to Grapevine on Yellowstone County Master Gardener's web site www.co.yellowstone.mt.gov/extension/horticulture/grapevine.asp

Yellowstone County Master Gardener Association Update

The Yellowstone County Master Gardener Association Board meeting was held Sept 19, 2012. Molly Richard, a volunteer at Northern Plains Resource Council and Yellowstone Valley Citizens Council, gave a short presentation on school garden projects in our area. She also suggested that we may want to become more involved in helping to develop school gardens I Yellowstone County.

Bob and Sharon have been working on a discount program at area nurseries for all Association members. Gainan's has offered a 5% discount for nursery stock (excluding sale items) for all card carrying members of the Association and also an early notice on sales. The offers will be for members only— not transferable to other persons. We are working on a YCMGA member ID card.

Our non profit application is in to the Federal Government and we haven't heard back from them yet.

Our 2nd Association Picnic was held 8-14 at the Zoo's Sensory Garden. There were about 50 people in attendance. Many 1st year MG students attended. We honored Ruth Towe (red hibiscus planted at Moss Mansion), Shirley Spildie (aster at Zoo), and Amy Grandpre (prairie grass planted at Courthouse).

The Master Gardener State meeting for 2012 was held in Billings, Sept 21-22. We had tours of DanWalt Gardens, Zoo Montana, the Audubon Conservation Center and the Bridger Plant Center.

Recognition awards were given out by Toby Day. Our own Amy Grandpre was awarded Coordinator of the Year.

Our next meeting is Oct 18th at 5:30 pm at the Courthouse. This meeting is open to all Associates in good standing, however, only Board members can vote.

The Nov meeting will be Nov 15th. Our Christmas party is being planned for Dec 5th.

Submitted by Sharon Wetsch

Recipe of the Month

SPICY CARROT SOUP

I Tablespoon olive oil
I medium leek— white & light green part only, chopped
About 6 carrots— peeled and sliced to 3/4 inch
2 teaspoons Harissa (I used several drops Tabasco sauce)
Salt to taste

3 cups chicken stock

Heat oil over medium heat and cook leek till soft, about 4-5 minutes

Stir in carrots and harissa. Cook till carrots are soft, about 8-10 minutes. Add stock and salt and simmer 10-12 minutes.

Answers to Questionaire - How soon do you read the Newsletter...
.02% Answered within 2 weeks
.07% Answered within 6 weeks

Thanks to all who answered our poll..!

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Tour

Wed. Oct 3,

At 2:00 PM

Morris Propp's

67 Riverview Road, Park City, Mt

Morris has about 3 acres on the river front and this should be a beautiful fall colors tour for us. He has perennials and lots of big trees that are turning color. To get there Turn off the highway at Park City go past truck stop follow frontage road

West for 4 1/2 miles then left on Riverview Road look for a mailbox, you then go approx 3/4 mile down the road his house is a big tan house with lots of trees (some are very large). There is limited parking so please carpool. We should have a spectacular view of the trees turning colors and see the gardens of perennials. This promises to be a beautiful fall tour.

Hope to see you all there.

Any questions please call me...... Sharon 406-351-1409



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Best wishes to these Master Gardeners with October Birthdays!

10-2 Joyce Schwartz 10-14 Nick Nicoll 10-15 Gloria Fryin 10-15 Lauren Asmus

Please send your birthday date (not the year) to Amy at agrandpre@co.yellowstone.mt.gov



TIPS FOR THE MONTH

- Do soil tests for the lawn and garden. Have fertilizer ready for each.
- Plant bulbs for Spring. If you have extra think about forcing them in pots.
- If bringing in plants from outside, be sure they are bug free. Lay them on their sides and spray with hose well. Spray with insecticidal soap. If in pots, pull plants out and check for webs, bugs, or eggs. Spider mites love to hide.
- Bindweed, the "forever weed", can be knocked back by spraying after the first HARD frost. It will take it in trying to store final nutrients for winter.
- Before winter sets in take care of all your garden hand tools. Wash, clean and dry all parts. Sand any chips or rough areas. Sharpen all trimmers, hoes and shovels. With BOILED LINSEED OIL and a rag, rub down all wood handles. With the excess oil in the rag, wipe all metal hoe and shovel heads. They will look like new (sometimes even better) for Spring.
- If you don't like waiting for repairs in the Spring, don't forget to add Stabil to your gas tanks for lawn mowers, chain saws, rototillers, etc. Let run till it goes through the carburetor.

Submitted by Sheri Kisch

Reminder- Toby says he will give I hour credit for each 10 lbs of produce donated. Don't forget to add your hours on Toby's online reports - http://mtmastergardener.org/, and on Amy's hardcopy. Please remember to log your hours as they must be turned in at both sites by the end of the year.

Upcoming Events

October 3rd— Tour at Morris Propp's (info can be found on page 3)
October 4th— If you would like to be involved in local food projects like YVCC Food Buying Club, school gardening opportunities or farm-to-school efforts join us on Oct 4th at 5:30PM at Home on the Range (220 So 27th) for a local foods interest meeting. Questions or comments contact- Molly Richard at molly@northernplains.org or 406-248-1154.

October 9- Weed Identification for the Professional Landscaper with an update on Diseases and Insects of Trees to be held at the Yellowstone County Courthouse from Noon to 4PM.

Witchy Names of Herbs

"Double, double toil and trouble; Fire burn and cauldron bubble. Fillet of a fenny snake, In the cauldron boil and bake; Eye of newt and toe of frog, Wool of bat and tongue of dog, Adder's fork, and blind-worm's sting, Lizard's leg and owlet's wing, For a charm of powerful trouble, Like a hell-broth boil and bubble...'

William Shakespeare, Macbeth, Act IV, Scene I

The traditional image of a cauldron of bubbling and boiling magical potion being stirred by a witch originates from the large containers in which herb women boiled their ingredients to produce simples. Simpling was the brewing and distilling of herbs, practiced by women in most households in order to keep a very necessary supply of medicinal remedies on hand. Throughout the medieval period, the arts of herbalist, alchemy, and magic were difficult to separate, and the herb women often added the role of spellcaster to their role of dispenser of home-brewed herbal therapies.

The ~tongue of dog~ is referring to Hounds tongue, (Cynoglossom officinale). This herb supposedly has the power to quiet the barking of dogs. ~Adder's fork~ is Adder's tongue, (Ohioglossum vulgatum), a fern reputed to have healing properties. Witches of the present still use names for herbs and flowers based on things and animals in nature and fantasy realms. Often the names were picked because that's what the herb resembled and was convenient for an old herbalist or teacher to teach and remember. Some sects and separate families, groups, covens or tribes had different names and variations of these names.

Here is a small and I'm sure not the only list of witchy names along with its common names for some herbs, roots and flowers used in witchcraft. It sure is an eye opener to those who may think that to be a true witch one might have to boil up animal parts, blood and maybe even sacrifice human or animal to make potions!

A Bone of an Ibis: Buckthorn Adders Tongue: Dogstooth Violet A Titan's Blood: Wild Lettuce

A Lion's Hairs: Tongue of a Turnip (the leaves of the taproot)

A Man's Bile: Turnip Sap A Pig's Tail: Leopard's Bane

A Hawk's Heart: Heart of Wormwood

An Eagle: Wild Garlic

Ass's Foot or Bull's Foot: Coltsfoot Blood: Elder sap or another tree sap Blood of Hephaistos: Wormwood Burning Bush: White Dittany Bread and Cheese Tree: Hawthorne Blood from a Head: Lupine Bird's Eye: Germander Speedwell

Blood of Ares: Purslane

Blood of a Goose: Mulberry Tree's Milk

Bloodwort: Yarrow

Blood of Hestia: Chamomile Blood of an Eye: Tamarisk Gall Blood from a Shoulder: Bear's Breach

Bat's Wings: Holly Black Sampson: Echinacea

Bull's Blood or Seed of Horus: Horehound

Bear's Foot: Lady's Mantle Calf's Snout: Snapdragon

Cat's Foot: Canada Snake Root and/or Ground Ivy

Candelmas Maiden: Snowdrop Capon's Tail: Valerian Christ's Ladder: Centaury Cheeses: Marsh Mallow

Chocolate Flower: Wild Geranium

Christ's Eye: Vervain Sage Clear-eye: Clary Sage Click: Goosegrass Cucumber Tree: Magnolia Clot: Great Mullein Corpse Plant: Indian Pipe Crowdy Kit: Figwort Cuddy's Lungs: Great Mullein Crow Foot: Cranesbill

Crow Foot: Cranesbill
Cuckoo's Bread: Common Plantain

Clear Eye: Clary Sage
Crow's Foot: Wild Geranium
Devils Dung: Asafoetida
Dragon's Blood: Calamus
Dog's Mouth: Snap Dragon
Daphne: Laurel/Bay
Devil's Plaything: Yarrow
Dove's Foot: Wild Geranium
Dew of the Sea: Rosemary

Dragon Wort: Bistort
Earth Smoke: Fumitory

Eye of Christ: Germander Speedwell

Elf's Wort: Elecampane Enchanter's Plant: Vervain

Englishman's Foot: Common Plantain

Erba Santa Maria: Spearmint Everlasting Friendship: Goosegrass Eye of the Day: Common Daisy Eye of the Star: Horehound
Eye Root: Goldenseal
Eyes: Aster, Daisy, Eyebright
Frog's Foot: Bulbous Buttercup
From the Loins: Chamomile
Fat from a Head: Spurge
Fairy Smoke: Indian Pipe
Felon Herb: Mugwort
From the Belly: Earth-apple
From the Foot: Houseleek
Five Fingers: Cinquefoil
Fox's Clote: Burdock
Graveyard Dust: Mullein
Goat's Foot: Ash Weed

God's Hair: Hart's Tongue Fern Golden Star: Avens Gosling Wing: Goosegrass Graveyard Dust: Mullein Great Ox-eye: Ox-eye Daisy

Hairs of a Hamadryas Baboon: Dill Seed

Hair of Venus: Maidenhair Fern Hag's Taper: Great Mullein Hagthorn: Hawthorn Hare's Beard: Great Mullein Herb of Grace: Vervain

Hind's Tongue: Hart's Tongue Fern

Holy Herb: Yerba Santa Holy Rope: Hemp Agrimony Hook and Arn: Yerba Santa Horse Tongue: Hart's Tongue Fern

Horse Hoof: Coltsfoot Hundred Eyes: Periwinkle

Innocense: Bluets

Jacob's Staff: Great Mullein
Joy of the Mountain: Marjoram
Jupiter's Staff: Great Mullein
King's Crown: Black Haw
Knight's Milfoil: Yarrow
Kronos' Blood: sap of Cedar
Lady's Glove: Foxglove
Lion's Tooth: Dandelion
Lad's Love: Southernwood
Lamb's Ears: Betony
Little Dragon: Tarragon
Love in Idleness: Pansy
Love Leaves: Burdock

Love Lies Bleeding: Amaranth/Anemone

Love Man: Goosegrass Love Parsley: Lovage Love Root: Orris Root Man's Health: Ginseng Maiden's Ruin: Southernwood Master of the Woods: Woodruff

May: Black Haw

May Lily: Lily of the Valley
May Rose: Black Haw
Maypops: Passion Flower
Mistress of the Night: Tuberose
Mutton Chops: Goosegrass
Nose Bleed: Yarrow

Old-Maid's-Nightcap: Wild Geranium Old Man's Flannel: Great Mullein Old Man's Pepper: Yarrow

Oliver: Olive

Password: Primrose

Pucha-pat: Patchouli

Peter's Staff: Great Mullein

Priest's Crown: Dandelion leaves

Poor Man's Treacle: Garlic

Queen of the Night: Vanilla Cactus

Queen of the Meadow: Meadowsweet

Queen of the Meadow Root: Gravelroot

Ram's Head: American Valerian Red Cockscomb: Amaranth

Ring-o-bells: Bluebells

Robin-run-in-the-grass: Goosegrass Semen of Helios: White Hellebore Semen of Herakles: Mustard-rocket

Semen of Hermes: Dill

Semen of Hephaistos: Fleabane

Semen of Ammon: Houseleek

Semen of Ares: Clover

Seed of Horus: Horehound

Sparrow's Tongue: Knotweed

Soapwort: Comfrey or Daisy

Shepherd's Heart: Shepherd's Purse

Swine's Snout: Dandelion leaves

Shameface: Wild Geranium

See Bright: Clary Sage

Scaldhead: Blackberry

Seven Year's Love: Yarrow

Silver Bells: Black Haw

Sorcerer's Violet: Periwinkle

St. John's Herb: Hemp Agrimony

St. John's Plant: Mugwort

Star Flower: Borage

Star of the Earth: Avens

Starweed: Chickweed

Sweethearts: Goosegrass

Tarragon: Mugwort

Tartar Root: Ginseng

Thousand Weed: Yarrow

Thunder Plant: House Leek

Tanner's Bark: Toadflax

Torches: Great Mullein

Tongue of dog: Houndstongue

Tears of a Hamadryas Baboon: Dill Juice

Unicorn Root: Ague Root

Unicorn's Horn: False Unicorn

Unicorn Horn: True Unicorn Root

Wax Dolls: Fumitory

Weazel Snout: Yellow Archangel

White: Ox-eye Daisy

White Wood: White Cinnamon

Witch's Asprin: White Willow Bark

Witch's Brier: Brier Hips

Weasel Snout: Yellow Archangel

Wolf Foot: Bugle Weed

Wolf Claw: Club Moss

Wolf's Milk: Euphorbia

Weed: Ox-Eye Daisy

White Man's Foot: Common Plantain